# LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600034 

B.Com. Corp./ BBA DEGREE EXAMINATION

THIRD SEMESTER - NOVEMBER 2007
ST 3105/ST 3102-INTRODUCTION TO STATISTICS

Date : 02/11/2007
Time : 9:00-12:00
Dept. No. $\square$ Max. : 100 Marks

## SECTION- A

Answer all the questions
(10×2=20)

1. Define "Statistics".
2. What do you understand by the term "Sampling error"?
3. State any two tests of skewness.
4. Explain any two limitations of statistics.
5. What is meant by simple random sampling? How would you select 20 households from a town with 400 households by simple random sampling?
6. In a frequency distribution the coefficient of skewness based on quartile is 0.6. If the sum of the upper and the lower quartiles is 100 and the median is 38 , find the value of the upper quartile.
7. Calculate Range and coefficient of range from the following data:

| Marks | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ | $50-60$ | $60-70$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| No. of Students | 8 | 10 | 12 | 8 | 4 |

8. When mean is 25 and mode is 24 , find the value of median.
9. Examine whether A and B are independent in the following case:
$\mathrm{N}=5,000$,
(A) $=2,350$,
$(B)=3,104$,
$(A B)=1,600$
10.From the ranks according to two attributes in a sample given below calculate rank correlation between them.

| R1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{R 2}$ | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |

## SECTION - B

Answer any five questions
(5x8=40)
11.What is time series? What are the components of time series?
12.The annual profits in lakhs of rupees of 100 companies are distributed as follows:

| Profits per co <br> (Rs.lakhs) | $0-50$ | $50-100$ | $100-150$ | $150-200$ | $200-250$ | $250-300$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| No. of co's | 12 | 18 | 27 | 20 | 17 | 6 |

Draw a histogram and superimpose the frequency curve on it.
13. Calculate trend by four yearly moving average and find short-term oscillations for the following data:

| Year | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Value | 12 | 25 | 39 | 54 | 70 | 87 | 105 |


| 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 100 | 82 | 65 | 49 | 34 | 20 | 7 |

14. Calculate mean, median and mode from the following data:

| Marks more than | 0 | 20 | 40 | 60 | 80 | 100 | 120 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| No. of students | 80 | 76 | 50 | 28 | 18 | 9 | 3 |

15.Ten competitors in a voice contest are ranked by three judges as follows:

| First Judge | 1 | 6 | 5 | 10 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 9 | 7 | 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Second Judge | 3 | 5 | 8 | 4 | 7 | 10 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 9 |
| Third Judge | 6 | 4 | 9 | 8 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 10 | 5 | 7 |

Use the Spearman's rank correlation to gauge which pair of judges has the nearest approach to common likings in voice.
16. The following table gives the height of students in a class. Calculate the quartile deviation and coefficient of quartile deviation.

| Height (inches) | $50-53$ | $53-56$ | $56-59$ | $59-62$ | $62-65$ | $65-68$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of students | 2 | 7 | 24 | 27 | 13 | 3 |

17.From the following data compute Harmonic Mean:

| Marks | $0-10$ | $10-20$ | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No.of <br> candidates | 5 | 20 | 40 | 70 | 85 |


| $50-60$ | $60-70$ | $70-80$ | $80-90$ | $90-100$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 65 | 50 | 35 | 20 | 10 |

18. The following table gives the number of literates and criminals in two cities. Compare the degree of association between literacy and criminality in these two cities separately:

|  | Jalandhar | Jammu |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Total No. (‘000) | 244 | 184 |
| Literates (‘000) | 40 | 47 |
| Literate criminals (‘000) | 3 | 3 |
| Illiterate criminals (‘00) | 40 | 20 |

## SECTION - C

## Answer any two questions

$(2 \times 20=40)$
19. Find seasonal variations by the ratio-to-trend method from the data given below:

| Year | $\mathbf{1}^{\text {st }}$ Quarter | $\mathbf{2}^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter | 3 $^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter | 4 $^{\text {th }}$ Quarter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2000 | 30 | 40 | 36 | 34 |
| 2001 | 34 | 52 | 50 | 44 |
| 2002 | 40 | 58 | 54 | 48 |
| 2003 | 54 | 76 | 68 | 62 |
| 2004 | 80 | 92 | 86 | 82 |

20. Calculate first four moments and also the value of $\beta 1$ and $\beta 2$ from the following data:

| Marks | $0-10$ | $10-20$ | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ | $50-60$ | $60-70$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of Students | 8 | 12 | 20 | 30 | 15 | 10 | 5 |

21.Compute the Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation between dividends and price of securities as given below:

| Security <br> Price (Rs.) | Annual Dividends (in Rs.) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | - | - | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| $120-130$ | - | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| $110-120$ | - | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | - |
| $100-110$ | - | 2 | 3 | 2 | - | - |
| $90-100$ | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | - | - |
| $80-90$ | 3 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - |
| $70-80$ | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | - |

22.a) An analysis of monthly wages of workers of two organizations A and B yielded the following results:

| Particulars | A | B |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| No. of Workers | 50 | 60 |
| Average monthly wages | Rs. 60 | Rs. 48 |
| Variance | 100 | 144 |

Calculate: i) The average monthly wages and the standard deviation of wages of all workers in the two organization taken together
ii) Which organization is more consistent in regard to wages?
b) From the following data given below:

|  | $\mathbf{X}$ | $\mathbf{Y}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Arithmetic mean | 36 | 85 |
| Standard Deviation | 11 | 8 |

Correlation coefficient between X and Y is 0.66
(i) Find the two regression equations and
(ii) Estimate the value of X when $\mathrm{Y}=75$.

